

Orascom Investment Holding S.A.E.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
As of and for the three month-period ended
March 31, 2020 (IFRS)
Together with the review report
US\$



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Review Report on Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

To: The Board of Directors of Orascom Investment Holding (S.A.E)

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position of Orascom Investment Holding (S.A.E) and its subsidiaries "the Group" as of March 31, 2020, and the related condensed interim consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity, and cash flows for the three-month period then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standard No. (34) "Interim Financial Reporting". Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these condensed interim consolidated financial statements based on our review.

Scope of Review

Except as explained in point (1) in the basis of Qualified Conclusion, we conducted our review in accordance with Egyptian Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Statements Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity." A review of interim financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters in the Group and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Egyptian Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Base of Qualified Conclusion

1- As mentioned in detail in note no. (9), the Group's investment in Contact Financial Holding (formerly Sarwa Capital Financial Holding) -an associate- and accounted for by the equity method, with carrying amount of USD 106,299 thousands included in Group's condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position as of March 31, 2020, and the Group's share of Contact Financial Holding's net income of USD 1,544 thousands, included in Group's condensed interim consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the period then ended. The management didn't provide us with the financial information prepared in accordance with IFRSs, accordingly, we were unable to review the carrying amount of the Group's investment in Contact Financial Holding as of March 31, 2020, and the Group's share of Contact Financial Holding's net income for the period then ended. Consequently, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments to these amounts were necessary.



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2- The Group did not account for the loss on the sale of its subsidiary, Aurebach Grayson, classified as assets held for sale and liabilities associated with assets held for sale as of March 31, 2020, where the sale was executed on December 2020, resulting in a loss with an amount of USD 3.7 million. Considering this event as an adjusting subsequent event under IAS 10, therefore, the losses arising from the sale should be recognized in the condensed interim financial statements as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2020, as impairment losses on the assets held for sale. If the loss was accounted for in the condensed interim financial statements financial statements, the losses from discontinued operations would have increased by USD 3.7 million and the assets held for sale would have been decreased by the same amount.

Conclusion

Based on our review, except for the possible effects of the matter described in point (1) in the Basis of Qualified Conclusion, as might have been determined to be necessary if we obtained the financial information prepared in accordance with IFRSs, and except for the effect on the condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the matter described in in point (2) in the Basis of Qualified Conclusion, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Orascom Investment Holding (S.A.E) and its subsidiaries "the Group" as of March 31, 2020, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the three-month period then ended in accordance with International Accounting Standard No. (34) "Interim Financial Reporting".

Emphasis of Matter

- Without modifying our conclusion, as mentioned in detail in note (9) from the accompanying notes of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements, the Group has a significant influence over its investee "Koryolink" in North Korea, the investment is amounting to USD 39.1 million, which the group classified as investments in equity accounted investees as of March 31, 2020. Also, the group has bank balances in North Korea amounting to USD 6.5 million, which the group classified as other financial assets as of March 31, 2020. Considering that Koryolink is operating under international bans, operational and financial restrictions imposed by the international community on North Korea, which lead to difficulties in transferring profits abroad and repatriate the funds to their home country, which lead to material uncertainty in Group's ability to get the recoverable amount of these assets.
- As mentioned in detail in note (26) from the accompanying notes of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements, the Company has been demerged into two entities Orascom Investment Holding "OIH" (demerging company) and a newly incorporated company called Orascom Financial Holding "OFH" (demerged company).

KPMG Hazem Hassan

Public Accountants and Consultants

Cairo September 12, 2021

KPMG Hazem Hassan
Public Accountants and Consultants
(2)

ORASCOM INVESTMENT HOLDING (S.A.E.) Condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position as of

(In thousands of US dollars)	Note	March 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
Assets			
Property and equipment	10	69,067	73,279
Intangible assets	10	24,776	24,510
Investment property	11	46,535	60,747
Equity accounted investees	9	145,458	143,078
Other financial assets	12	14,347	17,381
Other assets	13	14,881	16,574
Total non-current assets		315,064	335,569
Inventories		864	506
Trade receivables		57,601	54,779
Other financial assets	12	5,360	4,940
Other assets	13	12,131	13,461
Cash and cash equivalents	14	50,866	63,438
		126,822	137,124
Assets held for sale	23	13,870	13,850
Total current assets		140,692	150,974
Total assets		455,756	486,543
Equity and liabilities			
Share capital	15	366,148	366,148
Other reserves		(154,016)	(142,231)
Retained earnings		37,902	36,773
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company	,	250,034	260,690
Non-controlling interests		24,953	16,861
Total equity		274,987	277,551
Liabilities			,
Borrowings	16	27,358	24,007
Other liabilities	17	7,044	7,642
Deferred tax liabilities		11,182	12,450
Total non-current liabilities		45,584	44,099
Borrowings	16	16,782	47,485
Trade payables and other liabilities	17	74,424	74,466
Income tax liabilities		6,689	5,806
Provisions	18	29,982	29,862
		127,877	157,619
Liabilities associated to assets held for sale	23	7,308	7,274
Total current liabilities		135,185	164,893
Total liabilities		180,769	208,992
Total equity and liabilities		455,756	486,543
Tom equity and maximized		400,700	400,040

Chief Financial Officer

Chairman

Review report 'attached'

^{*}The accompanying notes from (1) to (26) are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

ORASCOM INVESTMENT HOLDING (S.A.E.) Condensed interim consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for

			Represented
(In thousands of US dollars, except per share amounts)	Note	Three-month period ended March 31, 2020	Three-month period ended March 31, 2019
Continuing operations			
Revenues	5	17,528	18,348
Other income		220	40
Purchases and services	6	(6,206)	(5,848)
Other expenses		(1,207)	(90)
Provisions formed	18	(442)	(824)
Personnel costs		(5,968)	
Depreciation and amortization	10/11	(2,187)	(1,953)
Gains from disposal of non-current assets		20	23
Operating income		1,758	4,025
Finance income	7	4,370	171
Finance expense	7	(2,766)	(2,605)
Net foreign currencies translation differences	7	(847)	(2,514)
Share of profits of equity accounted investees	9	69,288	45,714
Net impairment of equity accounted investees	9	(67,743)	(43,531)
Profit for the period before income tax		4,060	1,260
Income tax expense	8	(1,527)	(2,360)
Profit / (loss) for the period from continuing operations		2,533	(1,100)
Discontinuing operations			
(Loss) from discontinuing operation (net of income tax)	20	(106)	(2,230)
Profit / (loss) for the year		2,427	(3,330)
Profit / (loss) for the year		2,427	(3,330)
Other comprehensive (loss) / income:			
Items that may be sequent reclassified to profit or loss net of tax			
Revaluation of investments at fair value through OCI		(358)	174
Foreign operations- Foreign currencies translation differences		(12,704)	5,702
Total comprehensive (loss) / income for the year		(10,635)	2,546
Profit / (loss) for the period attributable to:			
Owners of the Company from continuing operations		2,218	(2,491)
Owners of the Company from discontinuing operations		(79)	
Non-controlling interests		288	292
		2,427	(3,330)
Total comprehensive (loss) / income attributable to:			
Owners of the parent		(8,899)	
Non-controlling interests		(1,736)	366
Total comprehensive (loss) / income for the period		(10,635)	2,546
Earnings / (losses) per share from continuing operations - basic and diluted (in US	19	0.0004	(0.0005)
(Losses) per share from discontinuing operations- basic and diluted (in US\$)	19	(0.00002)	(0.0002)

Chief Financial Officer

Chairman

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ORASCOM INVESTMENT HOLDING (S.A.E.)

Condensed interim consolidated statement of changes in equity for the three-month period ended March 31, 2020

Other reserves

(In thousands of US dollars)	Share capital	Share capital Legal reserves
As at January 1, 2019	366,148	86,078
Reclassification on prior year balances **	•	-
Balance as at January 1, 2019, reclassified	366,148	86,078
Comprehensive income for the period		
Revaluation of investments at fair value through OCI	•	1
Foreign operations- Foreign currencies translation differences	1	1
Net (loss) for the period	1	1
Total comprehensive income for the period		
Transactions with owners of the Company		
Transferred to legal reserve	•	167
Derivatives revaluation-with NCI		-
Total transactions with owners of the Company		167
As of March 31, 2019	366,148	86,245

174 5,702 (3,330)

53 21 292

121

2,546

366

2,180

5,681 (3,622)

(3,622)

121

5,681

141

42 4

99

(167)

99 99 7,482

(167)

61,427

(248,182)

141 292,266

19,146

273,120

289,579

18,738

270,841

Total equity

Non-controlling

owners of the parent

Retained earnings

company

Equity attributable to

Interests

18,738

270,841

(2,213)

65,216

7,262

121

5,681

67,429

7,262

(256,076) 2,213 (253,863)

Other reserves

Franslation reserves

(In thousands of US dollars)
As of January 1, 2020
Comprehensive (loss) for the period
Revaluation of investments at fair value through OCI
Foreign operations- Foreign currencies translation differences
Net profit for the period
Total comprehensive (loss) for the period
Transactions with owners of the Company
Change in ownership percentage without a change in control
Total transactions with owners of the Company
As of March 31, 2020

Share capital Legal reserves 366,148 86,253							
366,148	reserves	Translation reserves	Other reserves	Retained	Equity attributable to owners of the parent company	Non-controlling Interests	Total equity
	86,253	(238,675)	10,191	36,773	260,690	16,861	277,551
ı	1	•	(273)	1	(273)	(85)	(358)
		(10,765)	1	ı	(10,765)	(1,939)	(12,704)
	•		-	2,139	2,139	288	2,427
-	1	(10,765)	(273)	2,139	(8,899)	(1,736)	(10,635)
	•	(641)	(106)	(1,010)	(1,757)	9,828	8,071
	1	(641)	(106)	(1,010)	(1,757)	9,828	8,071
366,148	86,253	(250,081)	9,812	37,902	250,034	24,953	274,987

Chief Financial Officer

Chairman

* The accompanying notes from (1) to (26) are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

** Representation on the prior year figures on the translation reserve and retained earnings for the year ended December 31, 2018.

ORASCOM INVESTMENT HOLDING (S.A.E.) Condensed interim consolidated statement of cash flows for

			Represented
(In thousands of US dollars)	Note	Three-month period ended March 31, 2020	Three-month period ended March 31, 2019
Profit for the period before tax		4,060	1,260
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation and amortization	10/11	2,187	1,953
Finance income	7	(4,370)	(171)
Finance expense	7	2,766	2,605
Net foreign currencies translation differences	7	847	2,514
(Gains) from disposal of non-current assets		(20)	(23)
Share of profits of equity accounted investees	9	(69,288)	(45,714)
Net impairment of equity accounted investees	9	67,743	43,531
Change in provision		(469)	(335)
Changes in other assets		(57)	1,697
Changes in other liabilities		329	(22,739)
Cash flows generated by / (used in) operating activities		3,728	(15,422)
Income taxes paid		(356)	(927)
Interest received		443	164
Dividends to employees			(565)
Net cash flows generated by / (used in) operating activities		3,815	(16,750)
Cash out flows for investments in:		0,010	(10,750)
Property and equipment		(1,129)	(4,028)
Intangible assets		(101)	(245)
Equity accounted investees		(216)	(243)
Proceeds from disposal of:		(210)	
•		55	75
Property and equipment		33	193
Intangible assets		1,000	193
Proceeds from selling assets – Riza Capital		1,900	
Investments at fair value through OCI		150	1.055
Other financial assets		109	1,075
Net cash flows generated by / (used in) investing activities		768	(2,930)
Cash flows from financing activities	10000		
Interest paid	16	(1,421)	(2,017)
Proceeds from non-current borrowing	16	1,287	7,634
Net (payments) for other financial liabilities	16	(24,784)	(4,533)
Proceeds from NCI from capital increase of a subsidiary (Beltone)		8,071	
Net cash flows (used in) / generated by financing activities		(16,847)	1,084
Net change in cash and cash equivalents from continuing operations		(12,264)	(18,596)
<u>Discontinuing operations</u>			
Net cash generated by / (used in) operating activities		46	(2,460)
Net cash (used in) financing activities		:	(55)
Net cash generated by / (used in) discontinuing operations		46	(2,515)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(12,218)	(21,111)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		63,438	106,565
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents		(354)	1,192
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	14	50,866	86,646

Chief Financial Officer
Chairman

^{*} The accompanying notes from (1) to (26) are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

1. General information

Orascom Investment Holding S.A.E. ("OIH" or the "Company") is a joint stock company with its head office in Cairo, Egypt. The Company was established on November 29, 2011 (the "inception") and until this date the businesses of the Company were performed under various entities which were controlled by Orascom Telecom Holding, S.A.E. ("OTH"). As part of a larger transaction pursuant to which VimpelCom Ltd had acquired OTH, its shareholders agreed to affect the demerger, whereby, OTH was split into two companies, OTH and the Company ("Demerger"). The Demerger resulted in the transfer of certain telecom, cable and media and technology assets (the "OIH Assets") to the Company.

The Company through its subsidiaries (the "Group") is a mobile telecommunications business operating in high growth emerging markets in the Middle East, Africa and Asia. The Company is a subsidiary of Orascom Telecom Media and Technology Investments S.à.r.l. (the "Ultimate Parent Company").

The Company's shares are listed on the Egyptian Stock Exchange and its GDRs are listed on the London Stock Exchange. The information presented in this document has been presented in thousands of United States Dollar ("US\$"), except earnings per share and unless otherwise stated.

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements as of and for the period ended March 31, 2020, were approved for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on September 12, 2021.

2. Statement of compliance

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2020, have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting". As permitted by IAS 34, the Company has opted to prepare a condensed version as compared to the condensed interim consolidated Financial Statements as of December 31, 2019. The condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information required for the full annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the condensed interim consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2019, which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs).

The financial statements are not the statutory financial statements of the Company, as the statutory financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Egyptian Accounting Standards (EAS).

3. Significant accounting policies

3.1 Basis of preparation

These Condensed interim consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and its interpretations as adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and all interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") and all interpretations of the Standing Interpretations Committee ("SIC"). The IFRS were applied consistently to all the periods presented in this document.

The Condensed interim consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, as Management have verified the absence of financial, management or other indicators that could indicate critical issues regarding the Group's ability to meet its obligations in the foreseeable future, and in particular in the next 12 months.

The Condensed interim consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis except for certain financial assets and liabilities, including derivative instruments that are measured at fair value.

For presentational purposes, the current/non-current distinction has been used for the statement of financial position. The statement of comprehensive income is presented using the one-statement approach, dividing items of comprehensive income between a separate income statement and a separate statement of comprehensive income. Expenses are analysed in the income statement using a classification based on their nature. The indirect method has been selected to present the cash flow statement.

The Condensed interim consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared on the basis of the conventional historical cost method, except for the valuation of financial assets and liabilities, in which case the application of the criterion is mandatory fair value.

Orascom Investment Holding S.A.E. (In thousands of US dollars) Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements as of and for the period ended March 31, 2020
The information presented in this document has been presented in thousands of United States Dollar ("US\$"), except earnings per share and unless otherwise stated.
3.2 Summary of main accounting principles and policies
The main accounting principles and policies adopted in preparing these Condensed interim consolidated Financial Statements are set our below. These policies have been applied consistently by the Group entities.
Basis of consolidation
Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The condensed interim consolidated financial statements include the
financial statements of the Company and the financial statements of those entities over which the Company has control, both directly or indirectly, from the date on which control is transferred to the Group until the date such control ceases.
The financial statements used in the consolidation process are those prepared by the individual Group entities in accordance with IFRS.
Associates
Associates are investments in companies where the Group exercises a significant influence, which is presumed to exist when the Group holds voting rights between 20% and 50%. Associates are accounted for using the equity method.
The equity method is as follows:
 The Group's share of the profit or loss of an investee is recognised in the income statement from the date when significant influence begins up to the date when that significant influence ceases or when the investment is
classified as held for sale. Investments in associates with negative shareholders' equity are impaired and a provision for its losses is accrued only if the Group has a legal or constructive obligation to cover such losses.
Equity changes in investees accounted for using the equity method that do not result from profit or loss are recognised directly in consolidated equity reserves;
 The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between
the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value;
 if the ownership interest in an associate is reduced, but significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit and loss;
 Unrealised gains and losses generated from transactions between the Company or its subsidiaries and its
investees accounted for using the equity method are eliminated on consolidation for the portion pertaining to the Group; unrealised losses are eliminated unless they represent impairment.
Management fees received from associates are included within revenue.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at purchase cost or production cost, net of accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. Cost includes expenditure directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for use and any dismantling and removal costs which may be incurred because of contractual obligations, which require the asset to be returned to its original state and condition.

The useful lives of property and equipment and their residual values are reviewed and updated, where necessary, at least at each year-end. Land is not depreciated. When a depreciable asset is composed of identifiable separate components whose useful lives vary significantly from those of other components of the asset, depreciation is calculated for each component separately, applying the "component approach".

The useful lives estimated by the Group for the various categories of property and equipment are as follows.

	Number of years
Buildings	50
Leasehold improvements and renovations	3-8
Plant and machinery	8-15
Cable system and equipment	4-20
Tools	5-10
Computer equipment	3-5
Furniture and fixtures	5-10
Vehicles	3-6

Gains or losses arising from the sale or retirement of assets are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the net carrying amount of the asset sold or retired and are recognised in the income statement in the period incurred under "Disposal of non-current assets".

Leases

With the adoption of IFRS 16, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use. Each lease payment is allocated between the principal liability and finance costs. Finance costs are charged to the income statement over the lease period using the effective interest rate method. The right-of-use asset is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following: (i) the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability; (ii) any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received; (iii) any initial direct costs and, if applicable, (iv) restoration costs. Payments associated with short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as an expense in the income statement on a straight-line basis.

Lease liabilities are measured at the net present value of the following: (i) fixed lease payments, (ii) variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate and, if applicable, (iii) amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees, and (iv) the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option. Lease liabilities do not include any non-lease components that may be included in the related contracts.

Lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the Group would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value in a similar economic environment with similar terms and conditions.

Orascom Investment Holding S.A.E. (In thousands of US dollars) Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements as of and for the period ended March 31, 2020
The right-of-use asset is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the entire term of the contract, unless the contract provides
for the transfer of ownership at the end of the lease term or the cost of the lease reflects the fact that the lessee will exercise the purchase option. In this case, the depreciation must be the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the duration of the
contract. The estimated useful lives for right-of-use assets are calculated according to the same criterion applied to owned tangible assets. In addition, the right-of-use asset is decreased by any impairment losses and adjusted to reflect any remeasurement of the associated lease liability.
In the statement of financial position, the Group presents right-of-use assets within tangible assets and lease liabilities within current and non-current borrowings.
In the income statement, interest expense on lease liabilities constitutes a component of financial expenses and is shown separately from the depreciation of right-of-use assets.
The Group recognizes deferred taxation on right-of-use assets and on lease liabilities in relation to contracts for which IFRS 16 is applied for the first time. Management has assessed the existing tax legislation and interpreted the accounting principles applied, concluding the recognition of deferred tax is appropriate.
Intangible assets
Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The
estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.
Intangible assets acquired in a business combination
Intangible assets acquired in a business combination and recognised separately from goodwill are initially recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date (which is regarded as their cost).
Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets acquired in a business combination are reported at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, on the same basis as intangible assets that are acquired separately.
Derecognition of intangible assets
An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal
proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, and are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.
Licenses
Costs for the purchase of telecommunication licenses are capitalised. Amortisation is charged on a straight-line basis such
as to write off the cost incurred for the acquisition of a right over the shorter of the period of its expected use and the term of the underlying agreement, starting from the date on which the acquired license may be exercised.

Software

Acquired software licences are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. Software licenses are amortised on a straight-line basis over their useful life (between 3 to 8 years), while software maintenance costs are expensed in the income statement in the period in which they are incurred.

Costs incurred on development of software products are recognised as intangible assets when the Group has intentions to complete and use or sell the assets arising from the project, considering the existence of a market for the asset, its commercial and technological feasibility, its costs can be measured reliably and there are adequate financial resources to complete the development of the asset. Other development expenditures are recognised in the income statement in the period in which they are incurred.

Directly attributable costs that are capitalised as part of a software product include software development employee costs and an appropriate portion of relevant overheads. Other development expenditures that do not meet these criteria are recognised as an expense as incurred. Development costs previously recognised as an expense are not recognised as an asset in a subsequent period.

Numb	er of years
Rights of use	7- 20
Trademarks	20
Contractual agreements with customers	20
Computer software	5

Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life – for example, goodwill or intangible assets not ready to use – are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. In determining an asset's value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted using a pre-tax rate that reflects the market's current assessment of the cost of money for the investment period and the specific risk profile of the asset. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units, "CGU"). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the CGUs, or groups of CGUs, that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level. Goodwill impairment reviews are undertaken annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate a potential impairment. The carrying value of goodwill is compared to the recoverable amount, which is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs to sell. Any impairment is recognised immediately as an expense and is not subsequently reversed.

Orascom Investment Holding S.A.E. (In thousands of US dollars) Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements as of and for the period ended March 31, 2020 Investment property Investment properties are property (land or a building or part of a building or both) held by the Group to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or both, rather than for sale in the ordinary course of business or for use in supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Investment properties are initially measured at cost. The cost of a purchased investment property comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable expenditure. Directly attributable expenditure includes, for example, professional fees for legal services, property transfer taxes and other transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group has elected to measure investment properties at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Investment property is derecognised upon disposal, when it is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits expected from its disposal. Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of investment property are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in profit or loss in the period of the retirement or disposal. Reclassifications to / from investment property are made when, and only when, there is a change of use. Revenue from operating lease rentals is recognised on a straight-line basis over the relevant term of the lease. The rental income generated by investment properties is recognised within revenue in the consolidated income statement. Depreciation is charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each component of the investment properties. The estimated useful lives of leased units are estimated at 50 years. **Business Combination** The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for all business combination, regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary comprises the: Fair values of the assets transferred; Liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquired business; Equity interests issued by the group; Fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement and: Fair value of any pre-existing equity interest in the subsidiary; Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are, with limited exceptions, measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. The excess of the: Consideration transferred; Amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity, and Acquisition date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquired entity Over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If those amounts are less than the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly on profit or loss as a bargain purchase. Where the settlement of any part of cash consideration is deferred, the amounts payable in the future are discounted to their present value as the date of exchange. The discount rate used is the entity's incremental borrowing rate, being the rate at which a similar borrowing could be obtained from an independent financier under comparable terms and conditions. Contingent consideration is classified either as equity or a financial liability. Amounts classified as a financial liability are

subsequently remeasured to fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

Orascom Investment Holding S.A.E. (In thousands of US dollars) Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements as of and for the period ended March 31, 2020
If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquire is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date. Any gains or losses arising from such remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss.
In case that initial treatment of business combination is not complete at the end of financial period consolidated, the group recognises temporary amounts for accounts and during the measurement period not to exceed one year from the date of acquisition. The adjustment is performed retrospectively for completion of new information (Intangible assets, deferred taxes/provisions and others).
Provisions
Provisions are only recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation arising from past events that will probably result in a future outflow of resources, and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. The amount provided represents the best estimate of the present value of the outlay required to meet the obligation. The interest rate used in determining the present value of the liability reflects current market rates and takes into account the specific risk of each liability.
Revenue recognition
Revenue is recognised when the control over a product or service is transferred to a customer. Revenue is measured at the transaction price, which is based on the amount of consideration that the Group expects to receive in exchange for
transferring the promised goods or services to the customer and excludes any sales incentives as well as taxes collected from customers that are remitted to government authorities. The transaction price will include estimates of variable consideration to the extent it is probable that a significant reversal of revenue recognised will not occur.
Where a contract includes multiple performance obligations, the transaction price will be allocated to each performance obligation based on the stand-alone selling prices. Management has exercised judgment in determining performance obligations, variable consideration, allocation of transaction price and the timing of revenue recognition.
The Group does not recognise any assets associated with the incremental costs of obtaining a contract with a customer that are expected to be not recovered. The majority of revenue is recognised at a point-in-time or over a period of one year or less, and the Group applies the practical expedient to recognise the incremental costs of obtaining a contract as an expense when incurred if the amortisation period of the asset that would otherwise be recognised is one year or less.
Specifically, the Group mainly recognises revenue from financial services, cables and mobile traffic. The criteria followed by the Group in recognising ordinary revenue are as follows:
Revenue of the financial services
Revenue of the financial services mainly refer to Investment banking and management fees. When the outcome of a
transaction involving the rendering of services can be estimated reliably, revenue associated with the transaction shall be recognised over time by reference to the stage of completion of the transaction at the end of the reporting period. Estimates
of revenues, costs or extent of progress toward completion are revised if circumstances change. Any resulting increases or decreases in estimated revenues or costs are reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the circumstances that give
rise to the revision become known by management. More specifically, investment banking revenue refers to security and investment banking fees recognised when complete
the implementation of the service.
Management fees of funds and portfolios are recognised as revenue, as the services are rendered, in accordance with the contractual terms of each fund and portfolio.
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	Orascom Investment Holding S.A.E. (In thousands of US dollars) Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements as of and for the period ended March 31, 2020
	Incentive fees are recognised as revenue based on predetermined percentages agreed with clients, calculated by reference to the annual return on each fund or portfolio, but only to the extent that the amount of revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the Group.
	Sale commissions represent commissions on sale of securities for clients in local or global stock exchanges, calculated at point in time on the basis of specified rates agreed with clients as a percentage of the sale transaction. Purchase commissions represent commissions on purchase of securities for clients in local or global stock exchanges, calculated at point in time on the basis of specified rates agreed with clients as a percentage of the purchase transaction.
	Custodian fees are recognised as the difference between fees collected from clients and those incurred or paid to custodians. They are recognised i) over time according to contracts signed with clients; ii) at point in time as commissions for collecting coupons for customers (the collection of these coupons is on behalf of the customers).
 -	Revenue from cable segment
	Revenue from bandwidth capacity sales is recognised over time on the basis of usage of bandwidth by the customers. Advances received from customers, for which the service has not yet been provided is disclosed as deferred income. Otherwise the transaction price is adjusted for the effects of a significant financing component included in advance payments such as IRU contracts.
	Revenue from mobile traffic
	Revenue arising from post-paid traffic, interconnection and roaming is recognised over time on the basis of the actual
	usage made by each subscriber and telephone operator. Such revenue includes amounts paid for access to and usage of
	the group network by customers and other domestic and international telephone operators. Revenue from the sale of prepaid cards and recharging is recognised over time on the basis of the prepaid traffic actually used by subscribers during
	the period. The unused portion of traffic at period end is recognised deferred income. Revenue from mobile (prepaid or subscription) activation and/or substitution, prepaid recharge fees and the activation of new services and tariff plans is
	recognised at a point in time for the full amount at the moment of activation independently of the period in which the actual services are rendered by the Group.
	Revenue from rental
	Rental income from the investment property owned by the Company is recognised over time based on the maturity lease agreements.
	Earnings per share
	<u>Basic</u> : Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the profit for the period attributable to equity holders of the Company, both from continuing and discontinued operations, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue
	during the period excluding ordinary shares purchased by the Company and held as treasury shares.
	<u>Diluted:</u> Diluted earnings per share are calculated by dividing the profit for the period attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares of the Company outstanding during the period where,
	compared to basic earnings per share, the weighted average number of shares outstanding is modified to include the conversion of all dilutive potential shares, while the profit for the period is modified to include the effects of such
	conversion of an untilive potential shares, while the profit for the period is modified to include the effects of such conversion net of taxation. Diluted earnings per share are not calculated when there are losses as any dilutive effect would improve earnings per share.
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	Orascom Investment Holding S.A.E. (In thousands of US dollars) Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements as of and for the period ended March 31, 2020
	Segment reporting
	Operating segments are reported in a manner which is consistent with the internal reporting information provided to the
	chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the board of directors of the Company.
4.	Segment reporting
	The chief operating decision-maker has been identified as the board of directors of the Company. The board of directors reviews the Group's internal reporting in order to assess its performance and allocate resources, mainly from a geographical perspective, of the mobile telecommunication business.
	Pursuant to the decision to dispose of entities previously included in the Media and Technology segment, OIH management
	has changed its internal reporting as analysed by the chief operating decision-maker and revised the reportable operating segments as follows:
	• Financial Service: relating to the financial services of Beltone financial group represented in the group of different financial segment of Investment Banking, Asset Management, Brokerage and Other financial Services.
	Investment property: investment properties relate to real estate property the Group owns in Sao Paolo, Brazil
	• GSM - Lebanon: relating to the management contract of the Lebanese mobile telecommunications operator Alfa, which is owned by the Republic of Lebanon.
	• Cable: relating to the provision of direct broadband and high-speed connectivity to telecom operators, internet service providers and major corporations through submarine fibre optic cables.
	• Other: includes Media & Technology (relating mainly to the provision of online advertising and content to
	corporate customer, mobile value-added services and software development and hosting of corporate clients) and the Group's equity investments and income and expenses related to OIH.
	 The Group reports on operating segments, which are independently managed. The chief operating decision-maker assesses the performance of such operating segments based on:
	Total revenue;
	• Adjusted EBITDA, defined as profit for the period before income tax expense /(benefit), impairment losses of
	associates, share of profit/(loss) of investment in associates, foreign exchange gains /(loss), financial expense, financial income, gains/(losses) on disposal of non-current assets, impairment charges and depreciation and
	amortisation; and,
	 Segment capital expenditure is the total cost incurred during the period to acquire property and equipment and intangible assets other than goodwill.

Revenue and Adjusted EBITDA disclosure per segment

The following information is regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker and is measured consistently with that of the financial statements.

	Three-month period ended March 31, 2020			Three- month period ended March 31, 2019						
(In thousands of US\$)	Total Inter segment segment revenue revenue	Revenue from Adjusted external EBITDA customers	* commont	Inter segment revenue	Revenue from external customers	Adjusted EBITDA				
Cables	- 10,634	10,634 4,923	12,192	-	12,192	6,775				
Financial services	4,106 -	4,106 140	3,295	-	3,295	603				
GSM-Lebanon	1,796' -	1,796 1,038	1,789	-	1,789	1,046				
Investment property	959	959 648	1,072	-	1,072	767				
Other	319 (286)	33 (2,824)	295	(295)	-	(3,236)				
Total	17,814 (286)	17,528 4 3,925	18,643	(295)	18,348	5,955				

Reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to profit before income tax:

(In thousands of US\$)	The three-month period ended March 31, 2020	The three-month period ended March 31, 2019
Adjusted EBITDA	3,925	5,955
Depreciation and amortization	(2,187)	(1,953)
Gains from disposal of non-current assets	20	23
Finance income	4,370	171
Finance expense	(2,766)	(2,605)
Net foreign currencies translation differences	(847)	(2,514)
Share of profits of equity accounted investees	69,288	45,714
Net impairment of equity accounted investees	(67,743)	(43,531)
Profit before income tax	4,060	1,260

Assets per segment

	As of March 31, 2020			As of					
(In thousands of US\$)	Property and Intangible equipment assets	Investment property	Equity Investments	Total	Property and equipment	Intangible assets	Investment property	Equity investments	Total
Cables Investment Property	56,891 1,530	46,535	아이 : 아이스 : 그를 Asian : 11 11 12	58,421	61,075	1,636	-	-	62,711
Financial Services	9,116 23,246	40,333		46,535 32,362	9,086	22,874	60,747	-	60,747 31,960
Other	3,060 -		145,458	148.518	3,118	-		143,078	146,196
Total	69,067 24,776	46,535	145,458	285,836	73,279	24,510	60,747	143,078	301,614

Capital expenditure

The table below illustrates the capital expenditure incurred by each segment for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019:

(In thousands of US\$)	Three-month period ended March 31, 2020 March 31, 2020 March 31, 2019
Cables Financial services Other	1,381 4,953 25 11 366 -
Total	1,772 4,964

5. Revenues

(In thousands of US\$)

Interconnection traffic Revenue form Financial services Management contract -Fees Investment Property Revenue Other revenues Total

Three-month period ended. March 31, 2020	Three-month period ended March 31, 2019
10,634	12,192
4,106	3,295
1,796	1,789
959	1,072
3. Annual Company of the Company of	
17,528	18,348

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The table below illustrates the Geographical, Service line and Timing of revenue incurred by each segment for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019:

(In thousands of US\$)	Invest prop	tment erty	Cat	les	Fina serv		Manag agree		Oth reven		To	tal
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Primary geographical markets	10 May 10 Ma				KKKY V		pri Døyle				2000年100日	
Brazil	959	1,072	MUNICIPAL NO.	-	Tark L	_	(c) (3E <u>7</u>)	-		-	959	1,072
Pakistan		-	10,634	12,192		-	K0:50 44	-		-	10,634	12,192
Lebanon	数数量	-		-		-	1,796	1,789		_	1.796	1,789
Egypt	30 20 S5 200 30 20 S 500		Name (A)	-	4.106	3,295	8. 24 H.		333	-	4,139	3,295
Total primary geographical markets	959	1,072	10,634	12,192	4,106	3,295	1,796	1,789	33	_	17,528	18,348
Major service lines	inda in		Biological (्रयम् गङ्ग्रह		Linguid	-	in in the last	
Rental revenues	959	1,072	14.11.12.43	-	60 4 030	_	2 i 3 i 4	-	100703,43	_	959	1,072
Management fees - funds	28403	-		-	262	440	10.0	-	100	_	262	440
Performance fees - funds	35.€	-		-	× 321 .	255		-	(10) KG +1	_	321	255
Other financial management sevenues		-		-		202	i i	-	A.S	-		202
Brokerage sevenues		-		-	3,523	2,398		-	202	-	3,523	2,398
Cables rental		-	10,634	12,192	5			-		-	10,634	12,192
GSM management agreement		-		-	216 22 40 F	-	1,796	1,789	Zer X. A.	-	1.796	1,789
Others				-		-			33	-	33,	-
Total Major service lines	959	1,072	10,634	12,192	4,106	3,295	1,796	1,789	33	-	17,528	18,348
Timing of revenue recognition	NOY MA				85243				9469.4			
Products transferred at point of sale		-				_		-		-		
Services transferred over period of	0.00	1.050	10 CO 4	10.100								
time	959	1,072	10,634	12,192	4,106	3,295	1,796	1,789	33	-	17,528	18,348
Total Timing of revenue recognition	959	1,072	10,634	12,192	4.106	3.295	1.796	1.789	33		17.528	18,348
<u> </u>			····			-,-,-		~,,.0,				10,540

6. Purchases and services

(In thousands of US\$)

Total

Rental of local network, technical sites and other leases Customer acquisition costs Purchases of goods and changes in inventories Band width cost Maintenance costs Utilities Interconnection traffic Advertising and promotional services Consulting and professional services Insurance Bank and post office charges Airfare Accommodation, Meals and Per diem IT Supplies and expense Sites expense Security guards Other service expenses

Three-month period ended March 31, 2020	Three-month period ended March 31, 2019
1,578	1,892
	101
497	315
1,073	1,026
652	619
247	192
48	7
142	261
1,292	924
26	34
95	100
69	19
37	22
44	62
84	19
54	55
268	200
6,206	

7. Net financing income (costs)

(In thousands of US\$)
Interest income *
Finance income
Interest expense on borrowings
Other interest expense and financial charges
Finance expense
Net foreign currencies translation differences
Net foreign currencies translation differences
Net financing income (costs)

Three-month period ended March 31, 2020	Three-month period ended March 31, 2019
4,370	171
4,370	171
(1,800)	(1,880)
(966)	(725)
(2,766)	(2,605)
(847)	(2,514)
(847)	(2,514)
757	(4,948)

(*) Interest income during the three-month period ended March 31, 2020, include an amount of USD 3.9 million represent the value of the profit resulting from the accelerated payment of the full value of the loan granted by a foreign bank for the direct or indirect acquisition of the shares of the companies that own the Brazil building.

8. Income tax expense

(In thousands of US\$)
Current tax expense Deferred tax
Total income tax expenses

Three-month period ended March 31, 2020	Three-month period ended March 31, 2019
1,375	1,697
152	663
1,527	2,360

9. Equity accounted investees

Equity accounted investees primarily relating to the investment in the telecommunication operator in North Korea (Cheo Technology-Koryolink) and Contact Financial Holding (Formerly Sarwa Capital Financial Holding).

The following table provides a breakdown of equity accounted investees:

Entity	Country	Owenership	As of March 31, 2020	As of December 31, 2019
Cheo Technology-Koryolink (9-1)	DPRK	75.00%	690,838	610,908
Contact Fianncial Holding (9-2)	Egypt	29.7%	106,299	104,677
Electronic Fund Administration Services	Egypt	20.00%	18	18
International Fund Administration Services	Egypt	20.00%	311	31
Axes Holding company	Egypt	33.90%	627	627
Impairment loss			(652,355)	(573,183)
Equity accounted investees			145,458	143,078

(9-1) Koryolink

The tables below set forth-summary financial information of the associate company.

Summarised statement of financial position

(In thousands of US\$)	As of March 31, 2020	As of December 31, 2019
Assets	1,934,283	1,919,01
Liabilities	(248,691)	(301,307
Net assets	1,685,592	1,617,70

Summarised statement of income

(In thousands of US\$)
Revenues
Total expense
Profit for the period after tax
Share of profit of the associate company

Three-month ended March 31, 2020	Three-month ended March 31, 2019	
97,357	100,578	
(7,034)	(42,536)	
90,323	58,042	
67,743	43,531	

Orascom Investment Holding S.A.E. (In thousands of US dollars)

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements as of and for the period ended March 31, 2020

The Group's investments in North Korea related primarily to the 75% voting rights in the local telecom operator Koryolink. The accounting treatment has been modified during period ended September 30, 2015. Through, recognizing it as an investment in associates instead of investment in subsidiaries, as the Group management believes that the existence of significant influence instead of control. Thus, in light of the increase of the restrictions, financial and operating difficulties facing Koryolink due to the international sanction imposed by the international community including the United States of America, the European Union and the United Nations. These sanctions have the effect of restricting financial transactions and the import and export of goods and services, including goods and services required to operate, maintain and develop mobile networks. In addition to, the restrictions implemented on the company that affect the ability of the associate company to transfer profits to the parent (return of funds to its native) and the absence of a free-floating currency exchange market in North Korea, announced by the Central Bank of North Korea, other than launching a competing local telecom operator wholly owned by the North Korean Government.

On September 11, 2017, the United Nations Security Council issued a resolution obliging member states of the United Nations to pass laws prohibiting joint ventures and existing partnerships with the North Korean Republic unless approval is obtained to continue such joint ventures.

At the present, the company's management submitted an official request through Ministry of foreign affairs of the Government of the Arab Republic of Egypt in order to be excluded from adhering to the said resolution.

On December 26, 2018, the request to the Security Council Committee established to follow up the implementation of sanctions on North Korea was approved, with the exception of Koryolink, to ban foreign investment in North Korea and to allow Orascom Investment Holding to continue its activities in North Korea. And Consider the company as a telecommunications infrastructure company offering a public service.

The following table presents the movement on the investment of Koryolink during the period / year:

(In thousands of US\$)	Three-month period ended March 31, 2020	Year ended December 31, 2019
Openning balance	38,352	34,397
Share of profit of associate before impairment	67,743	165,511
Impairment loss	(67,743)	(165,511)
Foreign currency translation differences	758	3,955
Ending balance	39,110	38,352

(9-2) Contact Financial Holding (Formerly Sarwa Capital Financial Holding)

On December 20, 2018, the company purchased number of 216,032,608 share from shares of Sarwa capital, which represents 30% of total equity by price per share 7.36 EGP by total price EGP 1,590 million and it was financed by the contract related to open credit facility with bank Audi by amount of US\$ 90 million during December 2018.

The Group has prepared the Purchase Price Allocations (PPA) and relevant fair value adjustments of assets, liabilities and related adjustments in the last quarter of 2019. The comparative figures of 2018 have been restated to reflect the final figures which results in a final value of goodwill of US\$ 49,059,857 as follows:

(In thousands of US\$)	As of December 31, 2018
Total assets	195,441
Total liabilities	(103,685)
Net assets as of December 31, 2018	91,756
Identifiable assets resulted from the acquisition of 30% of for Sarwa Capital company after PPA assessment	
Tangible assets (land)	2,907
Intangible assets (Customer list)	50,085
Other	449
Deferred tax	(11,923)
Net assets after the PPA study	133,274
Group's share of the net assets acquired (30%)	39,982
Consideration paid	89,042
Goodwill	49,060

On May 9, 2019, the issued and paid-up capital have increased by a decision of Sarwa's Board of Directors held on March 3, 2019. The increase of capital through the issuance of 28 Million shares at nominal value of EGP 0.16 amounted to EGP 4 480 000, with total value of the increase is fully funded from the balance of retained earnings. The 28 Million shares issued for Employee Stock Ownership Plan (ESOP) approved by the Egyptian financial regulator authority (FRA) on February 26, 2019.

On October 3, 2019, the issued and paid-up capital have increased by a decision of Sarwa's Board of Directors held on May 13, 2019, and authorized by companies extraordinary general assembly dated September 8, 2019 through distribution of free shares to shareholders according to their investment percentage by 3 shares for every 5 shares to be financed from retained earning balance.

As a result of the above, the ESOP has increased to be 44.8 Million shares and the Company has exercised 15.5 Million shares for Managers and employees, this leads to decrease the ownership of Orascom Investment Holding percentage from 30% to be 29.61 as of December 31, 2019.

During the three-month period ended March 31, 2020, the Group purchased 1,022, thousand shares of Sarwa Capital Holding Company at a value of EGP 3,391 thousand (US\$ 216 thousand), thus the Group's contribution to the capital of the associate company became 29.7%.

The following table presents the net Group's share of profit of Sarwa Capital during the period:

(In thousands of US\$)	Three-month period ended March 31, 2020	Three-month period ended March 31, 2019
Total revenue	72,970	44,012
Total expense	(67,002)	(36,735)
Net profit after tax	5,968	7,277
Owners of the parent company	5,768	2,183
Group's share of profit from equity accounted investees	1,708	_
PPA effect and other		
Client list amortization	(211)	_
Deferred tax	47	-
Net group's share of profit from equity accounted investees	1,544	2,183

The following table presents the movement on the investment of Sarwa Capital during the period / year:

(In thousands of US\$)	Three-month period ended March 31, 2020	Year ended December 31, 2019
Openning balance	104,677	89,042
Share of profit in the associate company	1,544	5,023
Paid under increase of investment	216	35
Dividends paid during the period	(2,207)	_
Foreign currency translation differences	2,069	10,577
Ending balance	106,299	104,677

10. Property & equipment and intangible assets

The details of the property & equipment and intangibles acquired and disposed of during the current and comparative period are detailed in the following table:

(In thousands of US\$)	Property and equipment	Intangible assets	
Balance as of January 1, 2020	73,279	24,510	
Additions	1,495	61 de la 1888 de la 18	
Disposals	(136)		
Depreciation and amortization	74 j. 8 1946 (1,758)	(136)	
Currency translation differences	(3,813)	341	
Balance as of March 31, 2020	69,067	24,776	
Balance as of January 1, 2019	80,941	33,851	
Additions	4,719	245	
Disposals	(75)	(193)	
Depreciation and amortization	(1,416)	(69)	
Depreciation and amortization including in discontinued operations	(504)	(38)	
Currency translation differences	(584)	850	
Balance as of March 31, 2019	83,081	34,646	

 There are pledged assets by TWA equivalent to US\$ 57 Million, in exchange for facilities related to marine cables SMW5.

Right of use balance:

(In thousands of US\$)

Cost

Accumulated depreciaition

As of January 1

Additions

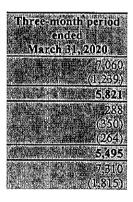
Depreciation

Foreign currency translation differences

Ending balance

Cost

Accumulated depreciaition



11. Investment property

The investment property balance comprises the value of seven floors which are owned by Victoire in Brazil. The investment property is carried at its historical cost.

(In thousands of US\$)

Cost

Accumulated depreciaition and impairment

Opening balance

Depreciation

Foreign currency transaltion differences

Ending balance

Cost

Accumulated depreciaition and impairment

Three-mouth (metal paried Mirrah 31, 2020)	Three-month ended period March 31, 2019
67-502.	69,993
(6815)	(5,703)
\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$ \$ \$	64,290
(2/3)	(468)
(Q13,Q10))	(698)
46585	63,124
\$2,084	69,215
(5 <u>.5</u> (9))	(6,091)

According to the contract concluded with Bluestone Investment Company (the seller) regarding the purchase of the seven floors in Brazil during 2015 to Orascom Investment Holding, which states a guarantee of obtaining a fixed annual return at the end of the fourth year of the contract, in the event of the inability to rent the seven mentioned floors and achieve the return mentioned in the contract, during the term of the contract, and the company addressed the Bluestone Investment Company in order to obtain the return difference in accordance with the concluded contract.

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12. Other financial assets

(In thousands of US\$)

Financial receivables at amortized cost Restricted Cash (12-1) Financial assets at FVOCI (12-2)

Financial assets at FVTPL (12-3)

Total

As of March 31, 2020	As of 31December 2019		
Non- current Current Total	Non- current	Current	Total
4,752 5,167 9,919	6,882	4,785	11,667
6,868 126 6,994	7,138	121	7,259
2,727 - 2,727	3,361	-	3,361
- 67 67	-	34	34
14,347 5,360 19,707	17,381	4,940	22,321

12-1 Restricted cash

(In thousands of US\$)
Pledged deposits
Cash on banks in North Korea
Total

As of March 31, 2020	As of December 31, 2019		
Non-current Current Total	Non-current	Current	Total
335 126 461	328	121	449
6,533 - 6,533	6,810		6,810
6,868 126 6,994	7,138	121	7,259

12-2 Financial assets at fair value through OCI

(In thousands of US\$)
Company name
Egypt Opportunities Fund
Misr for Central Clearing Depository and
Registry
EGX 30
Guarantee Settlement Fund
Egyptian goods stock
El Arabi for Investment
BMG
MENA Capital
Impairment loss of financial assets at FVTOCI
Total

As of March 31, 2020	As of December 31, 2019
1,341	2,041
488	478
354	506
333 193	318
193 12	12
6	6
167	167
(167)	(167)
2,727	3,361

Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements as of and for the period ended March 31, 2020

12-3 Financial assets at Fair Value Through profit or Loss

(In thousands of US\$)

Investment in investment funds

Total

As of March 31, 2020	As of December 31, 2019	
67	34	
67	34	

13. Other assets

(In thousands of US\$)

Prepaid expenses
Advances to suppliers
Receivables due from tax authority
Employee loans
Assets from current tax
Other non-trade receivables
Allowance for doubtful current
assets
Total

As of March 31, 2020	As of 31 December 2019		
Non-current Current Total	Non-current	Current	Total
14,881 3,269 18,150	16,574	2,693	19,267
2,001 2,001	-	649	649
- 647 647	-	907	907
71.	-	75	75
5,129	-	5,184	5,184
1,531	-	4,470	4,470
(517)	-	(517)	(517)
14,881 12,131 27,012	16,574	13,461	30,035

14. Cash and cash equivalents

(In thousands of US\$)
Bank accounts and deposits
Cash on hand
Total

As of March 31, 2020	As of December 31, 2019
50,800	63,376
66	62
50,866	63,438

* Banks - current accounts as of March 31, 2020, include an amount of USD 4.6 million represents in a cash restricted in Lebanon, according to the Lebanese restrictions by the Lebanese government on local banks along with the restriction on the cash transfer abroad.

15. Equity attributable to the owners of the Company Share capital

On November 29, 2011, the Company was incorporated with an authorised and issued share capital amounting to EGP 2,203,190,060 Million (equivalent to US\$ 366,148 thousand at date of transactions) distributed over 5,245,690,620 shares, each with a nominal value of EGP 0.42.

In the subsequent period and after the approval of the extraordinary general assembly on to the demerging OIH, into two companies, OIH (demerging company) and OFH (demerged company) and dividing the assets, liabilities and owners' equity, the authorized capital of the company will become EGP 2,885,129,841 and the share capital of the company will become EGP 577,025,968 divided over 5,245,690,620 shares with a par value of EGP 0.11 per share.

16. Borrowings

(In thousands of US\$)

Liabilities to banks Finance lease liability Other borrowings Total

As of March 31, 2020	As of 31 December 2019		19
Current Non-current Total	Current	Non-current	Total
14,850 21,764 36,614	45,695	18,158	63,853
873 4,711 5,584	745	4,968	5,713
1,059 883 1,942	1,045	881	1,926
16.782 27.358 44.140	47.485	24 007	71 492

The following table illustrates the movements in the borrowings during the period:

(In thousands of US\$)	Three-month period ended : March 31, 2020	Three-month period ended March 31, 2019
Current borrowings	and a second of the 47,485 in	111,322
Non-current borrowings	24,007	58,803
Balance at the beginning of the period	71,492	170,125
Payments of loans and interest	(26,205)	(6,550)
Proceeds from loans	1,287	7,634
Finance lease liability additions	288	-
Foreign exchange translation differences	(2,722)	914
Balance at the end of the period	44,140	172,123
Current borrowings	16,782	115,848
Non-current borrowings	27,358	56,275

Loans for Trans World associate

Borrowings include loans obtained from the shareholders of Trans World associate private by an amount of US\$1.9 Million of which US\$1.1 Million due within one year and US\$0.8 Million due after more than one year with an interest rate of (Libor 3 months+1%).

Borrowings also include loans obtained from banks amounted to US\$24.5 Million from which US\$2.7 Million due within one year and US\$21.8 Million due after more than one year these borrowings were obtained by Trans World Associate Private with interest rates ranges between (Libor 3months+1.45% to 1.9% and 6months+1.25% to 2.5%).

Loan for the purpose of financing the acquisition of Victoire Group:

On September 28, 2015 the company borrowed non-current loan from a foreign bank by a maximum amount of US\$35 Million for the sole purpose of financing 50% of the purchase price of seven floors in the "Patio Malzoni Faria Lima Tower A" in Sao Paolo, Brazil through the direct or indirect acquisition of the shares of the following companies incorporated in Brazil: Victoire 2, Victoire 9, Victoire 11, Victoire 13, Victoire 17, Victoire 18, and Victoire 19.

- Finance cost US\$100 Thousand, worth on the date of signing the contract.

Interest and interest period

Interest shall be set at a variable rate of US Dollar the subjected bank reference rate +1%, currently set at 7.82% per annum.

The interest shall be calculated on the basis of a year of three hundred sixty (360) days and the actual number of days elapsed.

Financial covenants

The loan shall be covered at 200% by the real estate value of the floors during the financing period, and valuation of the floors should occur every 6 months at the borrower's expenses.

In the event the coverage falls at or below 175%, and at the option of the borrower, the loan will either be reduced to maintain the ratio of 200%, or the borrower must grant an additional security acceptable to the lender in order to maintain the coverage ratio at 200%.

Securities

- -In favour of the lender of the total acquired shares in the capital of the companies owning the floors, and the borrower shall deliver the certificates of the shares pledged.
- A chattel mortgage on all floors duly registered at the relevant real estate register in Sao Paolo Brazil.
- The borrower pledges to assign in favour of the lender of rental proceeds of the floors. The proceeds will be transferred to the borrower's account with the lender to cover interest and constitute a reserve account covering one interest payment.

- -An irrevocable undertaking by the borrower to cover by the second anniversary of the first drawdown, the balance of the loan in principal and interest by a pledge account opened in his name.
- -On 18 October 2017, OIH Company performed a reschedule agreement with bank through which the loan amounted USD 33.4 million will be paid as follows:

Date of payment	Amount (USD)
October 21, 2019	10,000
October 21, 2020	10,000
October 21, 2021	13,423
Total	33,423

In January 2020, the Group made an early settlement for the rest of the loan granted to finance the acquisition of Victoire which had a nominal value of 23.4 million USD.

Other credit facilities:

The credit bank facilities granted to Beltone Financial Holding one of Group components for financing the settlement of guarantee against payment concerning brokerage sector and these facilities are unsecured and bearing average interest market rate.

17. Trade payables and other liabilities

(In thousands of US\$)	As of March 31, 2020		As of December 31, 2019		2019	
	Current	Non-current	Total	Current	Non-current	Total
Trade payables	8 19 19 No. 14 No.		供療学			
Capital expenditure payables	4,894	ay annial ann bar ia	4,894	5,006	-	5,006
Trade payables due to suppliers	15,756		15,756	15,042	-	15,042
Customers credit balance finaicial sector	16,754		16,754	13,501	-	13,501
Other customer credit balance	577		577	1,004	-	1,004
Other trade payables	3,456		3,456	2,579	-	2,579
Total trade payablea	41,437		41,437	37,132	_	37,132
Other liabilities	A ANNOUNCE		SAMON, II			
Prepaid traffic and deferred income	779	7,044	7,823	806	7,642	8,448
Due to local authorities	3,430		3,430	3,181	-	3,181
Personnel payables	3,072		3,072	1,104	-	1,104
Subscriber deposits	50		50	48	_	48
Other credit balances	25,656		25,656	32,195	_	32,195
Total other liabilities	32,987	7,044	40,031	37,334	7,642	44,976
Total trade payables and other liabilities	74,424	7,044	81,468	74,466	7,642	82,108

18. Provisions

(In thousands of US\$)	Three-month period ended March 31, 2020	Three-month period ended March 31,2019
Opening balance	29,862	23,041
Additions	442	824
Foreign currency translation differences	642	721
Utilized	(964)	(1,539)
Ending balance	29,982	23,047

Provisions are made according to the best estimate of the value of the expected liabilities as of the financial statements date, arising from the Group's ordinary course of business. The required information about these provisions were not disclosed, according to the Egyptian Accounting Standards, because the management of the Group believes that doing so, will strongly affect the final settlement of these expected claims.

Orascom Investment Holding S.A.E. (In thousands of US dollars)
Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements as of and for the period ended March 31, 2020

19. Earnings / (losses) per share

Basic and diluted

Basic earnings / (losses) per share is calculated by dividing the profit / (loss) attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. For the purposes of the earnings/ (losses) per share calculation, it has been assumed that the number of issued shares at the date of incorporation (5,245,691 thousand) had been outstanding during the period.

Diluted earnings / (losses) per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. During the period covered by the report, the Company did not have any dilutive potential ordinary shares and as such diluted and basic earnings per share from continuing operations and from discontinued operations are equal.

Earnings / (losses) per share from continuing operations- basic and diluted (in US\$):

Profit / (loss) attributable to equity holders of the Company
(in thousands of US\$)
Weighted average number of shares (in thousands of shares)
Earnings / (losses) per share – basic and diluted (in US\$)
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Three-month ended March 31,2019	Three-month ended March 31, 2020
(2,491)	2,218
5,245,690	5,245,691
(0.0005)	0.0004

(Losses) per share from discontinuing operations- basic and diluted (in US\$):

Three-month ended March 31, 2020	Three-month ended March 31,2019
(79)	(1,131)
5,245,691	5,245,690
(0.00002)	(0.0002)

20. Business combinations and discontinuing operations results

20-A Business combination

Auerbach Grayson company

On September 25, 2016, the BOD of Beltone Financial Holding approved the acquisition of 60 % of AGCO Company through one of subsidiaries (New Frontier securities –USA) by US\$24 million. The acquisition agreement includes three call / put options as follows:

- I- Within one year from the agreement date, the seller has the right to purchase 9% of AGCO shares which is owned by New Frontier Securities company against an agreed upon consideration and conditions.
- 2- Commencing three years from the agreement date. The buyer has the option to buy part or all of Non-Controlling Interest (NCI) against an agreed upon consideration and conditions.
- 3- Commencing five years from the agreement date, the seller has the option to exercise a right to sell all of its shares against an agreed upon consideration and conditions.

On 30 January 2017 the company had the USA regulatory approval to practice brokerage activity in USA and to acquire a share in Auerbach Grayson & Company -USA (AGCO) and the rest of procedures were followed till February 1, 2017 which is considered as the "acquisition date".

The company determined the primary accounting for business combination for acquiring AGCO temporarily on February 1, 2017, and to continue the study of the fair value of determined identifiable assets and liabilities including the intangible assets in the acquisition date (if exists).

1]			
	Orascom Investment Holding S.A.E. (In thousands of US d Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial state		riod ended March 31, 2020
	According to the agreement, an amount of US\$2 million were	e escrowed as the group has	s the right of deducting any
	unrecorded liabilities could arise (For example but not limited customer troubles, Vendors).		
	It was subsequently agreed that this value amounted to US\$ 676	,500	
	The Group has prepared the Purchase Price Allocations (PPA) are related adjustments in the last quarter of 2018. The comparative figures (note no 33) which results in a final value of goodwill of	e figures for 2017 have been	
	(In thousands of US\$)	034 3,300,383 as follows.	As of February 1, 2017
	Intangible assets Net owned assets		3,013 16,975
	Acquisition percentage		19,988 16,000 (19,000)
	Derivatives Deferred tax liability		11,993 8,070 (687)
	Holding Company's share of net assets acquired Consideration Cash		19376
	Deferred consideration Total considerations		(22,000) (676) (22,676)
	Goodwill		(3,300)
	20-B Discontinued Operations		
	Discontinued operations represent as following:		
	(In thousands of US\$)	Three-month period ended March 31, 2020	Three-month period ended March 31, 2019
	Discontinued operation from Riza capital disposal 20-1 Discontinued operation from Auerbach Grayson Held for sale 20-1	3-2 (106)	
	(Loss) from discontinued operation (net of income tax)	(106)	(2,230)
	20-B-1 Riza Capital		
	On September 10, 2019, OTMT Brazil Holding sold its entire Mr. Marko Auriello for a consideration amounting to USS	313,323,850 paid on six so	emi-annual installments, each
	amounting to US\$2,220,642, where the last installment will be	e received on February 28	, 2022.
	Riza Capital's losses for the period presented as following: (In thousands of US\$)	Three-month period	Three-month period
	Operating revenue	ended March 31, 2020	ended March 31, 2019 445
	Operating expenses Operating Loss Other expenses		(189) 256
	Net income for the year		(1,510) (1,254)
	(Loss) for the period attributable to: Company's share		
	Non-controlling interests' share		(721) (533)

20-B-2 Auerbach Grayson

During 2019, a board of directors of Beltone company decided to authorize the chairman and managing director to take the necessary decisions and negotiate for selling of Beltone Financial Holding's stake in Auerbach Grayson, which is wholly owned by NEW FRONTIER (one of Beltone's subsidiaries) and the company started activity to determine The buyer, Accordingly Auerbach Grayson assets and liabilities presented as held for Sale in accordance with IFRS Standard No. (5).

Auerbach Grayson's losses for the period presented as following:

(In thousands of US\$)	Three-month period Three-month period ended ended march 31, 2020 March 31, 2019
Revenues	5,346 4,492
Total revenues	5,346 4,492
Other expense Deferred tax	(5,472) (5,477) 9
Net (loss) for the period	(106) (976)
(Loss) for the period attributable to: Owners of the company Non-controlling interests	(410) (32) (566)

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21. Commitments

The commitments as of March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019 are provided in the table below:

((In thousands of US\$)	As of March 31, 2020 As of Decen	ıber 31, 2019
Purchase of property and equipment	1,953	915
Others	3,256	9,129
Total	5,209	10,044

The main capital commitments are related to property and equipment arising from the Group commitments of the installation of property and equipment related to the supply of marine communication cable, equipment, and technical equipment related to the contract of Trans World associates (subsidiary).

22. Contingent assets and liabilities

The contingent liabilities, are represented in guarantees issued by the holding company and related to the activities of its subsidiaries, as follows:

Transworld Associates (Subsidiary)

- The amount equivalent to US\$ 34 thousand, held by the bank for the sake of the Higher Education Commission (HEC) until December 31, 2020.
- There is a restricted balance at the bank of US\$ 321 in favor of Inbox valid until May 9, 2020.
- There is a restricted balance at the bank of US\$ 59 thousand in favor of Infinity Link company valid until January 7, 2021.
- There is a letter of credit amounting to US\$ 94 thousand, in favor of Subcom company valid until April 21, 2020.
- There is a letter of credit amounting to US\$ 410 thousand in favor of Premiere Systems company valid until April 4, 2020.

23. Assets and Liabilities held for sale

During 2019, a board of directors of Beltone decided to authorize the chairman and managing director to take the necessary decisions and negotiate for selling of Beltone Financial Holding's stake in Auerbach Grayson, which is wholly owned by NEW FRONTIER (one of Beltone's subsidiaries) and the company started activity to determine The buyer, Accordingly Auerbach Grayson assets and liabilities presented as held for Sale in accordance with IFRS Standard No. (5).

Assets held for sales	As of March 31, 2020	As of December 31, 2019
(In thousands of US\$)		
Fixed assets	3,946	4,202
Intangible assets	1,562	1,560
Goodwill	3,313	3,309
Due from brokerage company	CALAMATE TELEPISTS	294
Accounts receivables	1,402	1,241
Debtors and other debit balances*	. 141	1,957
Cash on hand and on banks	3,134	1,287
Total Assets held for sales	13,870	13,850
Liabilities associated to assets held for sale		
Deferred tax	594	593
Creditors and other credit balance	2,421	1,797
Lease liabilities	4,293	4,884
Total Liabilities associated to assets held for sale	7,308	7,274

^{*} The debtors and other debit balances include the margin of the letters of credit and letters of guarantees related to Auerbach Grayson company building rent (USA).

24. Representation of comparative figures

The following schedule summarize the representation of comparative figures of the condensed interim consolidated statement of profit or loss for the period ended March 31, 2019, to match current period presentations as follows:

(In thousands of US\$)

(In incusumus vj US\$)			
	March 31, 2019		March 31, 2019
Continued operations	As issued	Representation	Represented
Revenues	23,285	(4,937)	18,348
Other income	40		40
Purchases and services	(9,376)	3,528	(5,848)
Other expenses	(1,485)	1,395	(90)
Provisions formed	(824)		(824)
Personnel cost	(8,272)	2,601	(5,671)
Depreciation and amortization	(2,495)	542	(1,953)
Gains from disposal of non-current assets	23	-	23
Operating income	896	3,129	4,025
Finance income	1,494	(1,323)	171
Finance expense	(2,979)	374	(2,605)
Net foreign currencies translation differences	(2,543)	29	(2,514)
Share of profits of equity accounted investees	45,714	-	45,714
Net impairment of equity accounted investees	(43,531)	_	(43,531)
(Loss) / profit before income tax	(949)	2,209	1,260
Income tax expense	(2,381)	21	(2,360)
(Loss) for the period from continued operations	(3,330)	2,230	(1,100)
Discontinued operations			
(Loss) from discontinued operation (net of income tax)	-	(2,230)	(2,230)
(Loss) for the period	(3,330)		(3,330)

	Orascom Investment Holding S.A.E. (In thousands of US dollars) Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements as of and for the period ended March 31, 2020
25.	Significant events during the period
	The impact of the recent outbreak of the virus (Covid-19) on the global economy and markets continues. And its negative impact on several aspects, including supplies, manpower, operations, demand for our products and liquidity available to the Group. Accordingly, the Group's management has formed a working group to develop and implement contingency plans to meet these exceptional circumstances, management are currently closely monitoring and evaluating all the developments related to the spread of the emerging virus. Also, the Group's management believes that there is no significant impact on the Group's operations from the outbreak of the virus taking into consideration that economic indicators have been improved during the subsequent period which had a positive impact on the Group's activities.
26.	Subsequent events
	 On September 30, 2020, Orascom Pyramids for Entertainment (one of the group's subsidiaries) signed a long-term financing contract with the Societe Arabe Internationale de Banque with an amount of EGP 230 million to be repaid on 24 quarter-annual installments starting from January 2023 and ending on October 2028. On October 2020, the extraordinary general assembly meeting decided with a majority voting to demerge the company into two entities, Orascom Investment Holding "OIH" (demerging company) and Orascom Financial Holding "OFH" (demerged company) which was established on December 2020. The demerging entity "OIH" kept all of its assets and liabilities except for the assets and liabilities associated with Beltone investment Holding (subsidiary company) and Contact Financial Holding (formerly Sarwa Capital) (associate company) which were transferred to OFH, the demerged entity. During December 2020, Beltone Financial Holding, received the approval of the Financial Sector Regulatory Authority (FINRA) in the United States of America to sell to sell its subsidiary, Aurabach Grayson, for an amount of US\$ 2.8 million. During June 2021, OIH signed a 15-year agreement with Misr Company for Sound, Light and Tourism Development
	affiliated to the Ministry of Public Business Sector in the Arab Republic of Egypt, to develop the sound and light area in the Pyramids area at a cost of approximately, US\$ 15 million to be pumped into the project within 16 months from the date of receiving the site, provided that the Misr Company for Sound and Light will be entitled for 17% of the project's revenues, with a minimum of EGP 36 million annually, with a annually cumulative increase of 7%. On September 12, 2021, the Company's board of directors discussed the sale and transfer of the total shares owned by the company in its subsidiary Trans World Association (Private) Limited, as previously approved in the meeting
	 held on April 27, 2021, to Orastar Limited for a total enterprise value of approximately USD 96 million noting that the Company's shareholding in Trans World Association (Private) Limited is 51%. The transaction is still subject to fulfillment of the conditions precedent as detailed in the sale and purchase agreement. On September 12, 2021, the Company's board of directors discussed the sale and purchase agreement signed on August 18,2021 and is related to the sale of the 7 floors owned by the Company's subsidiaries located in Brazil with a total consideration of approximately 426 million Brazilian Real, noting that the transaction is still subject to fulfillment of the conditions precedent as detailed in the sale and purchase agreement. Furthermore, the Company is acting as a guarantor to the fulfilment of the seller's obligations as specified in the sale and purchase agreement.